Name:

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Social Studies 7

Age of Exploration-The Columbian Exchange

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| **What was the “Columbian Exchange”?**   * The **“Columbian Exchange”** refers to the vast exchange, or trading, of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, **plants**, **animals**, **ideas** and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that was caused by the Age of Exploration. |
| **What kind of things were exchanged on the “Columbian Exchange”?**  **New Goods went to Europe:**   * **Corn**, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ * **Potatoes** * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ * **Tomatoes**   **New Goods come to the Americas:**   * Horses * **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** * Sugar Cane * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| **What were some things that were given to Europe from America in the “Columbian Exchange”?**  **From the Americas to Europe:**   |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **Syphilis** | **Pumpkin** | **Cassava, Yuca**  **(Woody shrub)** | **Maize (corn)** | | **Turkey** | **Pineapple** | **Vanilla** | **Avocado** | | **Cocoa** |  | **Sweet Potato** | **Tobacco** | | **Peanut** | **Peppers** | **Quinoa** | **Potato** |   **From Europe to the Americas:**   |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Olives**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** | **Turnip**  **Peach** | **Honeybee**  **Malaria** | **Measles**  **Smallpox** | | **Grape**  **Citrus Fruits** | **Pear**  **Sheep** | **Sugar Cane**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** | **Guns** | | **Cattle**  **Flu** | **Typhus**  **Whooping Cough** | **Wheat**  **Coffee Beans** | **Rice**  **Oats** | | **Diphtheria** | **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** | **Pigs** | **Barely** | |
| **What were the impacts of the “Columbian Exchange” on the Americas?**  **Americas get horses:**   * **Horses** gave \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ superior technology over the **Native Americans.** |
| * **Horses** were like the modern-day **tanks**, they were a huge advantage in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. * **Wild horses** make their way to the **Great Plains**, and the **Native Americans** tame them and use them for **hunting**.   **Animals get Domesticated:**   * **Domesticated animals** like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are brought from Europe. * This was very important to **Native Americans** and future **European settlers** because they have an abundance of **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.** * Pigs and cows can **reproduce** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, leaving everyone with **enough food**. * The **diet of people changed** in America.   **Europe gets a little sweeter, Americas gets sour:**   * **Sugar cane** is grown in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and bought and sold in **Europe**. * **Sugar cane** became a very important **cash crop**. * To meet the **demands from Europe**, the **Europeans in the Americas** used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as **slaves** to work on the **sugar cane fields**. |
| **What were the impacts of the “Columbian Exchange” on Europe?**  **Europe adds new foods to the table:**   * Europe gets **corn, potatoes, and tomatoes** from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. * These crops became **important crops to Europe** and they were **grown** throughout \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. * Created an **explosion of population** throughout the continent.   **Europe gets tobacco from the Americas:**   * **Tobacco** became an important cash crop to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. * It was **trade and sold** across \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. * The **European merchants** made a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ off the **selling of tobacco**. |
| **The End Result of the Columbian Exchange:**   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-became the richest and most **powerful civilizations** for centuries. * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-**died from diseases**, they were **conquered** by the Europeans, and they were **killed or enslaved**. |